

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

2-Chloroethanol

Revision Date:2026-03-21 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : 2-Chloroethanol
CBnumber : CB6111920
CAS : 107-07-3
EINECS Number : 203-459-7
Synonyms : ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN;2-chloroethan-1-ol

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ... on this label).

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

Hazard statements

H330 Fatal if inhaled

H310 Fatal in contact with skin

H300 Fatal if swallowed

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: 2-Chloroethanol
Synonyms	: ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN;2-chloroethan-1-ol
CAS	: 107-07-3
EC number	: 203-459-7
MF	: C ₂ H ₅ ClO
MW	: 80.51

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist.

Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately.

In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

4.4 Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Hydrogen chloride gas

Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

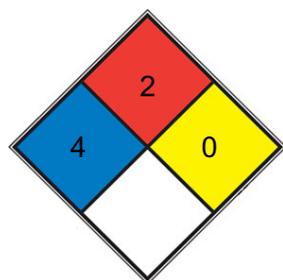
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 4 Very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury (e.g. hydrogen cyanide, phosgene, methyl isocyanate, [hydrofluoric acid](#))

FIRE 2 Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N₂](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

No metal containers.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Moisture sensitive.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

['Component', 'CAS-No.', 'Value', 'Control parameters', 'Basis']	['2-chloroethanol', '107-07-3', 'MAC', '2 mg/m3', 'Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.']}	['', 'Remarks', 'Skin', None, None]
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8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-

approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Viton®

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

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approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0.65 mm

Break through time: 10 min

Material tested: KCL 720 Camapren®

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

a) Physical state	liquid, clear
b) Color	colorless
c) Odor	Faint, ethereal.
d) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -89 °C - lit.
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	129 °C - lit.
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 16 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 5 %(V)
h) Flash point	55 °C - closed cup

i) Autoignition temperature	425 °C
j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	6-7 (20°C, 500g/L in H ₂ O)
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	at 20 °C completely miscible
n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1.06 at 20 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
o) Vapor pressure	7 hPa at 20 °C 47 hPa at 55 °C
p) Density	1.201 g/cm ³ at 25 °C - lit.
Relative density	1.201 g/mL at 25 °C(lit.)
q) Relative vapor density	2.78 (vs air)
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none
Solubility	Soluble in alcohol (Weast, 1986)
Dielectric constant	26.0 (25°C)

9.2 Other safety information

Relative vapor density

2.78 - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Alkali metals

Alkaline earth metals chlorosulfonic acid

Amines amides

Strong oxidizing agents

Sodium hydroxide alkalines

10.3 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

10.4 Incompatible materials

No data available

10.5 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 5.1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Symptoms: Irritation of mucous membranes, Risk of aspiration upon vomiting., Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Oral: Rapid absorption.

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 0.1 mg/l - vapor (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Mouse - 18 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 2 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye damage. - 24 h (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Mouse

Result: negative (OECD Test Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: *S. typhimurium*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: mitotic recombination assay

Test system: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: *S. pombe*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 480

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: positive

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: dominant lethal test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 478

Result: negative

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Drosophila melanogaster

Cell type: sperm

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that is probably not carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: KK0875000

Nausea, Headache, Vomiting

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Systemic effects:

After absorption:

Nausea

Vomiting

Headache

Dizziness confusion drop in blood pressure

Unconsciousness

Shortness of breath

Circulatory collapse

Absorption can result in damage to:

Liver

Kidney

Central nervous system

This substance should be handled with particular care.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish flow-through test LC50 - *Gambusia affinis* (Mosquito fish) - 15.2 mg/l - 96 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 212 mg/l - 48 h and other aquatic Remarks: (ECHA) invertebrates

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae) - 5.6 mg/l - 72 h (DIN 38412)

Toxicity to bacteria EC50 - *Pseudomonas putida* - 9,600 mg/l - 17 h

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Toxicity to mortality LOEC - *Oryzias latipes* - 17.9 mg/l - 38 d fish(Chronic toxicity) Remarks: (ECOTOX Database) mortality NOEC - *Oryzias latipes* - 8.89 mg/l - 38 d

Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d (OECD Test Guideline 301F)

Biochemical Oxygen 547 mg/g

Demand (BOD) Remarks: (IUCLID)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1135

IMDG: 1135

IATA-DGR: 1135

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN

IMDG: ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN

IATA-DGR: Ethylene chlorohydrin

Passenger Aircraft: Not permitted for transport

Cargo Aircraft: Not permitted for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (3)

IMDG: 6.1 (3)

IATA-DGR: 6.1 (3)

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: I

IMDG: I

IATA-DGR: -

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: no

IATA-DGR: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Based on chemical properties, choose appropriate tools and conditions of transport.

Transporting tools shall be equipped with appropriate and sufficient firefighting equipment and emergency leaking installations. If transporting by road, please go along the specified route.

14.7 Incompatible materials

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Other regulations

Please pay attention on the waste treatment should also comply with local regulations requirement.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

DOT: US Department of Transportation

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.