

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Dimethyl succinate

Revision Date:2026-03-22 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Dimethyl succinate
CBnumber : CB9230712
CAS : 106-65-0
EINECS Number : 203-419-9
Synonyms : DIMETHYL SUCCINATE,Butanedioic acid dimethyl ester

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Warning

Precautionary statements

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Dimethyl succinate
Synonyms	: DIMETHYL SUCCINATE, Butanedioic acid dimethyl ester
CAS	: 106-65-0
EC number	: 203-419-9
MF	: C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₄
MW	: 146.14

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

Protection of first-aiders

For personal protection see section 8.

Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides

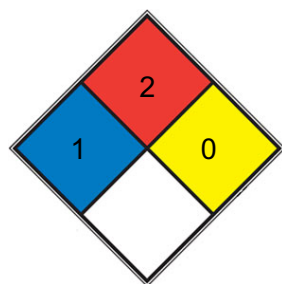
Specific extinguishing methods

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

NFPA 704



☒ HEALTH 1 Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury (e.g. [acetone](#), sodium bromate, potassium chloride)

Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely

☒ FIRE 2 divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

☒ REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N2](#))

☐ SPEC.

☐ HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency responders: For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemisorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

Storage

Further information on storage conditions

Tightly closed.

Storage class

10, Combustible liquids

Recommended storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures

No data available

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter

Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic

type

compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection

protective clothing

Hand protection

Material

butyl-rubber

Break through time

480 min

Glove thickness

0.7 mm

Protective index

Full contact

Manufacturer

Butoject® (KCL 898)

Material

Nitrile rubber

Break through time

30 min

Glove thickness

0.4 mm

Protective index

Splash contact

Manufacturer

Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

Remarks

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D- 36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Hygiene measures

Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substance.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

liquid

Color

Clear

Odor

Fruity

Odor Threshold

No data available

pH

No data available

Melting point/ range

16 - 19 °C

Boiling point/boiling range

200 °C

Flash point

94 °C

Method: c.c., closed cup

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Flammability (liquids)

No data available

Burning rate

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

Upper explosion limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

Lower explosion limit

Vapor pressure

0.3 mm Hg (20 °C)

Relative vapor density

No data available

Relative density

1.117 g/mL at 25 °C (lit.)

Density

1.117 g/mL (25 °C)

Water solubility

8.5 g/L (20 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity, dynamic

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic

No data available

Flow time

No data available

Explosive properties

No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Molecular weight

146.14 g/mol

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

Solubility

75g/l

Physical state

Liquid

Viscosity

2.920 [MPAS] AT 20°C

1.816 [MPAS] AT 40°C

1.410 [MPAS] AT 60°C

1.133 [MPAS] AT 80°C

Dielectric constant

5.1 (20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents Bases acids

Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

Incompatible materials

No data available

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Symptoms: Possible damages:, mucosal irritations

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: Lacrimal irritation due to vapours.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Patch test: - Human

Result: negative

Remarks: (External MSDS)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus.

Result: negative

Remarks: (National Toxicology Program)

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: WM7675000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

dimethyl succinate:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 50 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity

This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

dimethyl succinate:

Biodegradability

Result: Readily eliminated from water Biodegradation: > 95 % Exposure time: 3 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

UN/ID No. : Not applicable

Proper shipping name : Not applicable

Class : Not applicable

Subsidiary risk : Not applicable

Packing group : Not applicable

Labels : Not applicable

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : Not applicable

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : Not applicable

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

UN number : Not applicable

Proper shipping name : Not applicable

Class : Not applicable

Subsidiary risk : Not applicable

Packing group : Not applicable

Labels : Not applicable

EmS Code : Not applicable

Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

JT/T 617

UN number : Not applicable

Proper shipping name : Not applicable

Class : Not applicable

Subsidiary risk : Not applicable

Packing group : Not applicable

Labels : Not applicable

Environmentally hazardous : no

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulatory information

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management

Not applicable under SAWS

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

bw - Body weight

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)

EC_x - Concentration associated with x% response

EL_x - Loading rate associated with x% response

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)

ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response

ERG - Emergency Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association
 IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
 IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
 ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
 IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
 IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 IMO - International Maritime Organisation
 ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
 ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation
 KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
 LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
 LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
 MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
 MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods
 n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
 NCh - Chilean Norm
 NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
 NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
 NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate
 NOM - Official Mexican Norm
 NTP - National Toxicology Program
 NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
 OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
 PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
 PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
 (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
 REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
 SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
 SDS - Safety Data Sheet
 TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
 TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods
 TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory
 TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)
 UN - United Nations
 UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
 vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
 WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.

