# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Cobalt

Revision Date:2025-06-14 Revision Number:1

Beijing

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: Cobalt	
CBnumber	: CB9408267	
CAS	: 7440-48-4	
EINECS Number	: 231-158-0	
Synonyms	: Cobalt,COBALT POWDER	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.	
Uses advised against	: none	
Company Identification		
Company	: Chemicalbook	
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District,	
Telephone	: 010-86108875	

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P342+P311 IF experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Hazard statements

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H401 Toxic to aquatic life
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H228 Flammable solid

#### Disposal

WARNING.Cancer - https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/cobalt-metal-powder

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: Cobalt
Synonyms	: Cobalt,COBALT POWDER
CAS	: 7440-48-4
EC number	: 231-158-0
MF	: Co
MW	: 58.93

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Special powder against metal fire Cover with dry sand or cement.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Cobalt/cobalt oxides Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

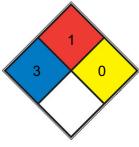
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

# **Further information**

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **NFPA 704**



HEALTH	3	Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <u>liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid</u> , <u>calcium</u> <u>hypochlorite</u> , hexafluorosilicic acid)
FIRE	1	Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. <u>mineral oil</u> , ammonia)
REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
SPEC. HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons. Air sensitive. Handle and store under inert gas.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety

#### glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de). Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L **Body Protection** protective clothing **Respiratory protection** required when dusts are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system. Recommended Filter type: Filter type P3 The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented. Control of environmental exposure Do not let product enter drains. **Exposure limits** TLV-TWA 0.05 mg as Co/m<sup>3</sup> (ACGIH) PEL-TWA: 0.05 mg as Co/m<sup>3</sup> (NIOSH, OSHA) TLV-STEL 0.1 mg as Co/m<sup>3</sup> (ACGIH) IDLH 20 mg as Co/m<sup>3</sup> (NIOSH)

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light gray powder
Odour	odorless
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 1.493 - 1.495 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	2.927 °C at 1.013 hPa - (ECHA)
Flash point	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available

Vapour pressure	No data available
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	8.9
Water solubility	0,00294 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- slightly soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
resistivity	6.24 μΩ-cm, 20°C

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

No data available

### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with: ammonium compounds hydrogen peroxide halogen-halogen compounds Acetylene Strong oxidizing agents

#### Conditions to avoid

Air

# Incompatible materials

No data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section  $\boldsymbol{5}$ 

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - 550 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 425)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 0,0051 mg/l (Expert judgment)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - <= 0,05 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 436)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - reconstructed human epidermis (RhE) Result: No skin irritation - 15 min

(OECD Test Guideline 439)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: irritating

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

No data available

**Reproductive toxicity** 

May damage fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

Toxicity

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 6170 mg/kg

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

# Toxicity to fish

static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - > 100 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Remarks: (above the solubility limit in the test medium)

# Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 3,2 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Remarks: (above the solubility limit in the test medium)

# Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

# Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

### Mobility in soil

No data available

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Toxics Screening Level**

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for cobalt is 0.2 µg/m3 based on an 8 hour averaging time.

### Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Waste treatment methods

# Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### Waste Disposal

Cobalt metal may be recovered from scrap and cobalt compounds from spent catalysts as alternatives to disposal.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 3288 IMDG: 3288 IATA: 3288

### UN proper shipping name

IATA: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (cobalt)	ADR/RID: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (cobalt) IMDG: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (cobalt)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1	IATA: 6.1
14.4	Packaging group ADR/RID: I IMDG: I	IATA: I

14.5	ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user No data available	

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service EC50: Effective Concentration 50% IATA: International Air Transportation Association IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
- http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en
- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

### **Other Information**

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. The symptoms of asthma often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Anyone who has shown symptoms of asthma due to this substance should avoid all further contact with this substance. Do NOT take working clothes home.

**Disclaimer:** 

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