

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Glyoxal

Revision Date:2026-03-21 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Glyoxal
CBnumber : CB1280241
CAS : 107-22-2
EINECS Number : 203-474-9
Synonyms : Oxalaldehyde;GLYOXA

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Warning

Precautionary statements

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continuerinsing.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of soap and water.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Hazard statements

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H315 Causes skin irritation

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Glyoxal
Synonyms	: Oxalaldehyde;GLYOXA
CAS	: 107-22-2
EC number	: 203-474-9
MF	: C ₂ H ₂ O ₂
MW	: 58.04

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

4.4 Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Mixture with combustible ingredients.

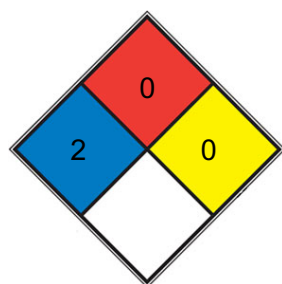
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

NFPA 704



HEALTH 2 Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

FIRE 0 Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium,[N2](#))

SPEC.
HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®).

Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Tightly closed.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 10: Combustible liquids

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

['Component', 'CAS-No.', 'Value', 'Control parameters', 'Basis']	['Glyoxazol', '107-22-2', 'TWA', '0.1 mg/m3', 'USA ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)']	['', 'Remarks', 'Dermal Sensitization Not classifiable as a human carcinogen', 'None', 'None']
['', '', 'Dermal Sensitization Notation', 'None', 'None']	['', '', 'PEL', '0.1 mg/m3', 'California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)']	

TWA 0.1 mg/m3 USA. Workplace Environmental

Exposure Levels (WEEL)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

required

Body Protection

protective clothing

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

a) Physical state	liquid
b) Color	colorless
c) Odor	yel. crystals or lt. yel. liq., mild odor
d) Melting point/freezing point	No data available
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	104 °C
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
h) Flash point	104 °C
i) Autoignition temperature	No data available
j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	2-3 (20 °C in H ₂ O)
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	at 20 °C soluble
n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	No data available
o) Vapor pressure	18 mm Hg (20 °C)
p) Density	1.265 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Relative density	1.265 g/mL at 25 °C
q) Relative vapor density	>1 (vs air)
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	Not classified as explosive.
t) Oxidizing properties	none
Solubility	water: soluble(lit.)

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

10.3 Conditions to avoid

no information available

10.4 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

10.5 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 2.44 mg/l - dust/mist

Symptoms: Possible symptoms:, mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Mixture may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Evidence of genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Components Glyoxazal

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 3,300 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - Expert judgment - 4 h - 11.1 mg/l - vapor

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 10,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Acute pulmonary edema.

Liver:Other changes.

Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Changes in tubules (including acute renal failure, acute tubular necrosis).

(RTECS)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Result: positive (OECD Test Guideline 406)

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Species: Rat - male and female - Liver cells

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Species: Mouse - male - Bone marrow

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation. - Upper respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Mixture

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

Components Glyoxazal

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe) - 186 - 272 mg/l - 96 h (DIN 38412 part 15)

Toxicity to daphnia semi-static test EC50 - *Americamysis bahia* (Mysid) - 69.2 mg/l and other aquatic - 48 h invertebrates (US-EPA)

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - *Skeletonema costatum* (marine diatom) - 313.8 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 400 mg/l - 30 min (OECD Test Guideline 209)

Toxicity to flow-through test NOEC - *Pimephales promelas* (fathead fish(Chronic toxicity) minnow) - 112 mg/l - 34 d (OECD Test Guideline 210)

Toxicity to daphnia semi-static test NOEC - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 3.19 and other aquatic mg/l - 21 d invertebrates(Chronic (OECD Test Guideline 211) toxicity)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA-DGR: -

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods

IMDG: Not dangerous goods

IATA-DGR: Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA-DGR: -

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: -

IMDG: -

IATA-DGR: -

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: no

IATA-DGR: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

14.7 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

Further information: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Other regulations

Please pay attention on the waste treatment should also comply with local regulations requirement.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

DOT: US Department of Transportation

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.