# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# N-Methylolacrylamide

Revision Date:2025-05-03 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name	: N-Methylolacrylamide				
CBnumber	: CB3182194				
CAS	: 924-42-5				
EINECS Number	: 213-103-2				
Synonyms	: N-methylolacrylamide,N-(hydroxymethyl)acrylamide				
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.				
Uses advised against	: none				
Company Identification					
Company	: Chemicalbook				
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing				
Telephone	: 400-158-6606				

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 3, Oral Skin sensitization, Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1

#### Label elements

#### Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 Toxic if swalloed

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

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### H320 Causes eye irritation

H340 May cause genetic defects

H350 May cause cancer

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H371 May cause damage to organs

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P333+P313 IF SKIN irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

#### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

#### Response

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

#### Storage

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Product name	: N-Methylolacrylamide
Synonyms	: N-methylolacrylamide, N-(hydroxymethyl)acrylamide
CAS	: 924-42-5
EC number	: 213-103-2
MF	: C4H7NO2
MW	: 101.1

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest.

#### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Give a slurry of activated charcoal in water to drink. Refer for medical attention .

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SYMPTOMS: Symptoms of exposure to this compound include irritation of the eyes, skin, mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Compounds of this class cause peripheral neuropathies, paresthesias, weakness in lower limbs and bluish, sweaty cold hands with erythema and peeling of the palms. ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: The vapor or mist of this compound is irritating to the skin, eyes, mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. In aqueous solution, this compound is readily absorbed through the skin. When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides. (NTP, 1992)

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist respirations if necessary. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary. Monitor for shock and treat if necessary . For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport . Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool. Activated charcoal is not effective . Do not attempt to neutralize because of exothermic reaction. Cover skin burns with dry, sterile dressings after decontamination . Organic acids and related compounds

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Fires involving this material can be controlled with a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or Halon extinguisher. (NTP, 1992)

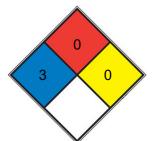
#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Literature sources indicate that this chemical is nonflammable. (NTP, 1992)

#### Advice for firefighters

Use water spray, powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide. In case of fire: keep drums, etc., cool by spraying with water.

#### **NFPA 704**



HEALTH	3	Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <u>liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid, calcium</u> <u>hypochlorite</u> , hexafluorosilicic acid)
FIRE	0	Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)
REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
SPEC. HAZ.		

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

#### Precautions for safe handling

NO open flames. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from acids. Store only if stabilized. Store in an area without drain or sewer access.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

**Biological limit values** 

no data available

#### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

#### Individual protection measures

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection.

#### Skin protection

Protective gloves.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Solid
Colour	White to Off-White
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	5°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	277°C(lit.)
boiling range	
Flammability	Combustible.
Lower and upper explosion	no data available

Flash point	>93°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	6.0-7.0 (H2O, 20°C)
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Chloroform (Slightly), Methanol (Slightly)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-1.81 (calculated)
Vapour pressure	31 hPa (25 °C)
Density and/or relative density	1.074
Relative vapour density	1.074
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

The substance may polymerize due to heating and under the influence of acids. Decomposes on burning. This produces toxic fumes including nitrogen oxides.

#### **Chemical stability**

May undergo spontaneous combustion in storage.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

AMONG 4 FIBER DRUMS OF THIS CHEMICAL /N-HYDROXYMETHYLACRYLAMIDE/, 2 OF WHICH HAD NEVER BEEN OPENED, EXCESSIVE HEAT, SMOKE, CRACKLING & SMALL FLAME WERE NOTED. VERY SMALL AMOUNTS OF CONTAMINANT ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE CATALYZED THIS POLYMERIZATION REACTION, BUT STORAGE IN EXCESSIVELY HEATED AREAS CAN ALSO START THE REACTION.N-METHYLOLACRYLAMIDE may be sensitive to prolonged exposure to light. Polymerization and generation of heat and flames may occur on exposure to to heat or contaminants. Incompatible with strong oxidizers. (NTP, 1992)

#### **Conditions to avoid**

no data available

#### Incompatible materials

Excessive heat, smoke, flames, and cracking noise were emitted from stored fibre drums of the monomer, some unopened. Polymerization may have been initiated by minor contaminants (perhaps as vapors), and/or by excessively warm storage conditions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitrogen oxides/.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Rat oral 474 mg/kg

- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

The substance is mildly irritating to the eyes and skin. The substance may cause effects on the nervous system.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

The substance may have effects on the peripheral nervous system. Animal tests show that this substance possibly causes toxicity to human reproduction or development.

#### Aspiration hazard

A harmful concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed, especially if powdered.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: no data available IMDG: no data available IATA: no data available

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 6.1 (For reference only, please check.)

#### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: III (For reference only, please check.) IATA: III (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. **EC** Inventory Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Not Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Listed. PICCS Listed. **Vietnam National Chemical Inventory** Listed. IECSC Listed. Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL) Listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transportation Association TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?

pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### **Other Information**

An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance, consult an expert.

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.