

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Pyrrole

Revision Date:2026-03-21 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Pyrrole
CBnumber : CB3852794
CAS : 109-97-7
EINECS Number : 203-724-7
Synonyms : 1H-PYRROLE;Pyrroline

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continuerinsing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H301 Toxic if swallowed

H318 Causes serious eye damage

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Pyrrole
Synonyms	: 1H-PYRROLE; Pyrroline
CAS	: 109-97-7
EC number	: 203-724-7
MF	: C4H5N
MW	: 67.09

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. If breathing stops: mouth-to-mouth breathing or artificial respiration. Oxygen if necessary. Immediately call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately. In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

Protection of first-aiders

For personal protection see section 8.

Notes to physician

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Foam Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

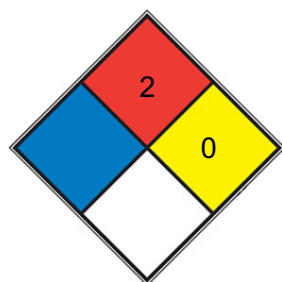
Specific extinguishing methods

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

NFPA 704



■ HEALTH

Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely

■ FIRE 2 divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

■ REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N2](#))

□ SPEC.

□ HAZ.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency

responders: For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Handling

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Storage

Further information on storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and wellventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorised persons.

Storage class

3, Flammable liquids

Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

Further information on storage stability

Store under inert gas. Air, light, and moisture sensitive.

Packaging material

Suitable material: Mild Steel Drum, Amber Glass Ampules

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures

No data available

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type

Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Hand protection**Material**

butyl-rubber

Break through time

480 min

Glove thickness

0.7 mm

Protective index

Full contact

Manufacturer

Butoject® (KCL 898)

Material

Chloroprene

Break through time

30 min

Glove thickness

0.65 mm

Protective index

Splash contact

Manufacturer

KCL 720 Camapren®

Remarks

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D- 36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Hygiene measures

Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection recommended. Wash hands after working with substance.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

liquid

Color

dark brown

Odor

at 0.10 % in propylene glycol. sweet warm nutty ethereal

Odor Threshold

No data available

pH

> 6 (20 °C)

Concentration (as aqueous solution): 10 g/l

Melting point/ range

-23 °C

Method: lit.

Boiling point/boiling range

131 °C

Method: lit.

Flash point

36 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Flammability (liquids)

No data available

Burning rate

No data available

Self-ignition

550 °C

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

14.8 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

3.10 %(V)

Vapor pressure

8.7 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapor density

2.32

Relative density

0.967 g/mL at 25 °C (lit.)

Density

0.967 g/cm³ (25 °C)

Method: lit.

Water solubility

60 g/l (20 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature

550 °C

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity, dynamic

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic

No data available

Flow time

No data available

Explosive properties

No data available

Oxidizing properties

none

Molecular weight

67.09 g/mol

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

Solubility

60g/l

Physical state

Liquid

Dielectric constant

7.5 (17°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Strong oxidizing agents Exothermic reaction with: acids

Conditions to avoid

Heating.

Incompatible materials

No data available

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects**Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - 137 mg/kg

Remarks: (External MSDS)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 11 mg/l - vapour (Expert judgement)

Symptoms: Possible damages:, Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract.

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: (External MSDS)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Remarks: (External MSDS)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Carcinogenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Reproductive toxicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

Aspiration hazard

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: UX9275000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After absorption:

CNS disorders

Damage to:

Liver

Under given conditions, contact with nitrites or nitric acid can lead to the formation of nitrosamines, which have shown themselves to be carcinogenic in animal experiments.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

pyrrole:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 80 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: (External MSDS)

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (Photobacterium phosphoreum): 410 mg/l Exposure time: 30 min Test Type: microtox test Remarks: (External MSDS)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity

This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

pyrrole:

Additional ecological information

Depending on the concentration, phosphorus and/or nitrogen compounds may contribute to the eutrophication of drinking- water supplies.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

(pyrrole)

Class : 3

Subsidiary risk : 6.1

Packing group : III

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable liquids, Division 6.1 - Toxic substances

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(pyrrole)

Class : 3

Subsidiary risk : 6.1

Packing group : III

Labels : 3 (6.1)

EmS Code : F-E, S-D

Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

JT/T 617

UN number : UN 1992

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(pyrrole)

Class : 3

Subsidiary risk : 6.1

Packing group : III

Labels : 3 (6.1)

Environmentally hazardous : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulatory information

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity

W5.4 Flammable liquids 5,000 t

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management

Not applicable under SAWS

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

bw - Body weight

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)

EC_x - Concentration associated with x% response

EL_x - Loading rate associated with x% response

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)

ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response

ERG - Emergency Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association

IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organisation

ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified

Nch - Chilean Norm

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level

NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate

NOM - Official Mexican Norm

NTP - National Toxicology Program

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)

UN - United Nations

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.